

**Chapter 11 Section 1: Stalemate in Washington**

**PRESIDENTS:**

President Garfield's and Vice president Arthur's campaign was to clean up politics. People saw the spoils system as corrupting government and keeping things from getting done in Washington.

**1. Spoils System (patronage) Definition:**

**2. Pendleton Act Definition:**

**Balance in Washington**  
(1870s and 1880s)

**3. Who supported them?**

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**DEMOCRAT**

- \*
- \*
- \*
- \*
- \*
- \*

**REPUBLICAN**

- \*
- \*
- \*
- \*
- \*
- \*

**4. Most Elections were decided on \_\_\_\_\_ margins.**

**5. Sherman Anti-Trust Act (1890):**

**Cause:**

**Definition:**

**Consequence**

**Limitations:**

**Chapter 11 Section 2: Populism**

**6. Populism Definition:**

What was the problem? **Economic**

**9. Reasons (Cause and Effect):**

1.  ⇒  ⇒

2.  ⇒   
    ⇩  
    

3.  ⇒

4. Deflation:

⇒  ⇒

GOVERNMENT FIX = STOP PRINTING MONEY (greenbacks)

⇒  ⇒   
    ⇒

**Solution? The Grange**

**10. Grange Definition:**

**11. Joined cooperatives. What did the cooperatives do?**

- \*
- \*
- \*
- \*

12. Why did cooperatives fail?

13. Populists: What did they want?

- \*
- \*
- \*
- \*

14. Who ended up winning the presidency?

15. How did the country end up settling the currency debate?

### **Chapter 11 Section 3: The Rise of Segregation**

#### **African American Reality**

16. Sharecropper Definition:

17. Exoduster Definition:

18. Why did the Populist Party appeal to African Americans?

19. How did Southern Democrats break apart this alliance?

20. 15<sup>th</sup> Amendment Definition:

#### **Ways to Keep African Americans from voting**

21. Poll tax Definition:

22. Literacy Test Definition:

